

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND

# A Rapid-Acting Antidepressant That Modulates Both Glutamatergic and Monoaminergic Pathways

## Objectives:

- Examine current challenges and the importance of early improvement in MDD treatment
- Review the role of glutamate in brain physiology and MDD
- Explore core AUVELITY data from the GEMINI and COMET clinical trials

## Date:

Thursday, May 15, 2025

## Time:

6:00 PM Central Time  
Meeting Duration: 60 minutes

## Meeting Information:

SSSS Steakhouse  
257 W Beacon St  
Philadelphia, MS 39350

## Presented By:

Kurt Buechler, MD  
Partner  
Mississippi Neuropsychiatric Clinic

**Faculty are paid speakers presenting on behalf of Axsome Therapeutics, Inc.**

**To reserve your spot, please contact Jennifer Clunan  
at [jclunan@axsome.com](mailto:jclunan@axsome.com) or (929) 923-8691**

## INDICATION

AUVELITY is indicated for the treatment of major depressive disorder (MDD) in adults.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### **WARNING: SUICIDAL THOUGHTS AND BEHAVIORS**

- Antidepressants increased the risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviors in pediatric and young adult patients in short-term studies.
- Closely monitor all antidepressant-treated patients for clinical worsening, and emergence of suicidal thoughts and behaviors.
- AUVELITY is not approved for use in pediatric patients.

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#), including **Boxed Warning** for suicidal thoughts and behaviors.

## CONTRAINDICATIONS

**Seizure:** Do not use AUVELITY in patients with a seizure disorder.

**Current or prior diagnosis of bulimia or anorexia nervosa:** A higher incidence of seizure was observed in such patients treated with bupropion.

**Undergoing abrupt discontinuation of alcohol, benzodiazepines, barbiturates, and antiepileptic drugs:** Due to risk of seizure.

**Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors (MAOIs):** Do not use AUVELITY concomitantly with, or within 14 days of stopping, an MAOI due to the risk of serious and possibly fatal drug interactions, including hypertensive crisis and serotonin syndrome. Conversely, at least 14 days must be allowed after stopping AUVELITY before starting an MAOI antidepressant. Do not use AUVELITY with reversible MAOIs such as linezolid or intravenous methylene blue.

**Hypersensitivity:** Do not use in patients with known hypersensitivity to dextromethorphan, bupropion, or any component of AUVELITY. Anaphylactoid/anaphylactic reactions and Stevens-Johnson syndrome have been reported with bupropion. Arthralgia, myalgia, fever with rash, and other serum sickness-like symptoms suggestive of delayed hypersensitivity have also been reported with bupropion.

## WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

**Suicidal Thoughts and Behaviors in Pediatrics and Young Adults:** Monitor all antidepressant-treated patients for any indication for clinical worsening and emergence of suicidal thoughts and behaviors, especially during the initial few months of drug therapy, and at times of dosage changes. Counsel family members or caregivers of patients to monitor for changes in behavior and to alert the healthcare provider. Consider changing the therapeutic regimen, including possibly discontinuing AUVELITY, in patients whose depression is persistently worse, or who are experiencing emergent suicidal thoughts or behaviors.

**Seizure:** Bupropion, a component of AUVELITY, can cause seizure and the risk is dose related. Because the risk of seizure with bupropion is dose-related, screen patients for use of other bupropion-containing products prior to initiating AUVELITY. If concomitant use of AUVELITY with other bupropion-containing products is clinically warranted, inform patients of the risk. Discontinue AUVELITY and do not restart treatment if the patient experiences a seizure.

**Increased Blood Pressure and Hypertension:** Treatment with bupropion, a component of AUVELITY, can cause elevated blood pressure and hypertension. The risk of hypertension is increased if AUVELITY is used concomitantly with MAOIs or other drugs that increase dopaminergic or noradrenergic activity. Assess blood pressure before initiating treatment with AUVELITY and monitor periodically during treatment. Monitor blood pressure, particularly in patients who receive the combination of bupropion and nicotine replacement.

**Activation of Mania/Hypomania:** Antidepressant treatment can precipitate a manic, mixed, or hypomanic episode. The risk appears to be increased in patients with bipolar disorder or who have risk factors for bipolar disorder. Prior to initiating AUVELITY, screen patients for a history of bipolar disorder and the presence of risk factors for bipolar disorder (e.g., family history of bipolar disorder, suicide, or depression). AUVELITY is not approved for use in treating bipolar depression.

**Psychosis and Other Neuropsychiatric Reactions:** AUVELITY contains bupropion and dextromethorphan. Depressed patients treated with bupropion have had a variety of neuropsychiatric signs and symptoms, including delusions, hallucinations, psychosis, concentration disturbance, paranoia, and confusion. In some cases, these symptoms abated upon dose reduction and/or withdrawal of treatment. Dextromethorphan overdose can cause toxic psychosis, stupor, coma, and hyperexcitability.

Because the risks of neuropsychiatric reactions are dose-related, screen patients for use of other bupropion- or dextromethorphan-containing products prior to initiating AUVELITY. If concomitant use of AUVELITY with other bupropion- or dextromethorphan-containing products is clinically warranted, monitor patients for neuropsychiatric reactions and instruct patients to contact a healthcare provider if such reactions occur.

**Angle-Closure Glaucoma:** The pupillary dilation that occurs following use of many

antidepressants, including AUVELITY, may trigger an angle closure attack in a patient with anatomically narrow angles who does not have a patent iridectomy. Avoid use of antidepressants, including AUVELITY, in patients with untreated anatomically narrow angles.

**Dizziness:** AUVELITY may cause dizziness. Precautions to reduce the risk of falls should be taken, particularly for patients with motor impairment affecting gait or a history of falls. Caution patients about operating hazardous machinery, including motor vehicles, until they are reasonably certain that AUVELITY therapy does not affect them adversely.

**Serotonin Syndrome:** AUVELITY contains dextromethorphan. Concomitant use with selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs) or tricyclic antidepressants increases the risk of serotonin syndrome, a potentially life-threatening condition. Prior to initiating therapy with AUVELITY, screen patients for use of other dextromethorphan-containing products. If concomitant use of AUVELITY with other serotonergic drugs is clinically warranted, inform patients of the increased risk for serotonin syndrome, and monitor for symptoms. Discontinue AUVELITY and/or concomitant serotonergic drug(s) immediately if symptoms of serotonin syndrome occur and initiate supportive symptomatic treatment.

**Embryo-fetal Toxicity:** Based on animal studies, AUVELITY may cause fetal harm when administered during pregnancy. Discontinue treatment in pregnant females and advise the patient about the potential risk to a fetus. Use alternative treatment for females who are planning to become pregnant.

## DRUG INTERACTIONS

**Strong Inhibitors of CYP2D6:** Concomitant use with AUVELITY increases plasma concentrations of dextromethorphan. Dosage adjustment is necessary. Monitor patients for adverse reactions potentially attributable to dextromethorphan, such as somnolence and dizziness.

**Strong CYP2B6 Inducers:** Concomitant use with AUVELITY decreases plasma concentrations of dextromethorphan and bupropion and may decrease efficacy of AUVELITY. Avoid co-administration of AUVELITY.

**CYP2D6 Substrates:** Concomitant use with AUVELITY can increase the exposures of drugs that are substrates of CYP2D6. It may be necessary to decrease the dose of CYP2D6 substrates, particularly for drugs with a narrow therapeutic index.

**Digoxin:** Concomitant use with AUVELITY may decrease plasma digoxin levels. Monitor plasma digoxin levels in patients treated concomitantly with AUVELITY.

**Drugs that Lower Seizure Threshold:** Concomitant use with AUVELITY may increase risk of seizure. Use AUVELITY with caution. Discontinue AUVELITY and do not restart treatment if the patient experiences a seizure.

**Dopaminergic Drugs:** Concomitant use with AUVELITY can result in central nervous system toxicity. Use AUVELITY with caution.

## USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

**Lactation:** Because of the potential for neurotoxicity, advise patients that breastfeeding is not recommended during treatment with AUVELITY and for 5 days following final dose.

**Renal Impairment:** Dosage adjustment is recommended in patients with moderate renal impairment (eGFR 30 to 59 mL/minute/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>). AUVELITY is not recommended in patients with severe renal impairment (eGFR 15 to 29 mL/minute/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>).

**Hepatic Impairment:** AUVELITY is not recommended in patients with severe hepatic impairment.

## ADVERSE REACTIONS

Most common adverse reactions (≥5% and twice the rate of placebo): dizziness (16%), headache (8%), diarrhea (7%), somnolence (7%), dry mouth (6%), sexual dysfunction (6%), and hyperhidrosis (5%).

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**REFERENCE:** AUVELITY [prescribing information]. Axsome Therapeutics, Inc. New York, NY.

Please note that there are no certified continuing medical education credits approved for this program.

Axsome Therapeutics, Inc. is committed to the principles of the Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA) Code on Interactions with Healthcare Professionals. As part of our commitment to that Code, we cannot pay for any costs incurred for travel or food of spouses or guests of any program participants, and any such spouses or guests may not attend any portion of a program's meeting or event. We appreciate your understanding in this regard.

Prescribers in Minnesota are limited to \$50 per year for meals, Vermont prescribers can't receive meals, and in New Jersey, limits are \$17 for breakfast and lunch and \$35 for dinner. Meal reporting depends on state and federal laws.